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the Des Plaines River, thirty miles northwest of Chicago. It is an adult female, and measured in the flesh 21.75 inches in length and 40 inches in extent. It was captured while perched on a stake in a field not far from the 'big woods.' Another large, light colored Hawk was seen which might have been the male, but it was too wary to allow a near approach.—H. K. COALE, *Chicago, Ill.*

**The Great White Egret and the Yellow Rail in Ottawa, Canada.**—In the ornithological collection of the Geological and Natural History Survey of Canada are two mounted specimens which, from the localities of their capture, deserve special notice. The first of these is a fine spring male of *Herodias egretta*, which was shot in the spring of 1883 at Rockliffe, Ont., by Mr. Sidney H. McIntyre, and presented by him to the Survey. In answer to a letter of inquiry Mr. W. H. McIntyre writes: "Two of these birds are all that were ever seen here. They seemed to be a pair, and after this one was shot the other stayed around for a day or two and then left, and we have seen no more like them. I cannot give date of the shooting; it was shot, however, by my son Sidney H. McIntyre within about one half mile of our house at Rockliffe." Rockliffe is on the Ottawa River, about lat.  $77^{\circ} 50'$  north, long.  $46^{\circ} 08'$  west, making, as far as I am aware, the most northerly record of the Egret.

The other specimen is a spring bird of *Porzana noveboracensis* shot on Toronto marshes in June, 1874, by Mr. Herring, the taxidermist of the Survey. Mr. Herring tells me that although this is the only specimen he has ever actually shot, he is quite certain that he has on several other occasions 'put up' specimens of this Rail in the same locality.—W. L. SCOTT, *Ottawa, Canada.*

**The *Ædicnemus dominicensis* in Confinement.**—In September, 1883, the Society received two Thick-knees, which were evidently young birds, with their plumage in bad condition. Being informed that they came from South America, they were provisionally called *bistriatus*. It was the latter part of last September (1884) before they were properly identified as *Ædicnemus dominicensis* Cory (Auk, 1884, p. 4). They have become exceedingly tame; are in full plumage, and during the summer nights make the whole garden ring with their peculiar shrill notes.—FRANK J. THOMPSON, *Zoölogical Garden, Cincinnati, O.*

**The Western Semipalmated Sandpiper on the Coast of Virginia.**—As there are but few recorded captures up to this time of *Ereunetes pusillus occidentalis* in the Eastern Province, it is perhaps worth while to mention its occurrence at Virginia Beach, where Mr. Henry Seebohm and the writer met with it on Sept. 6 and 7, 1884. It was in company with *E. pusillus* and several other species of the smaller Waders, all of which appeared to be abundant. Several of the birds (*E. occidentalis*) were shot but only one was preserved, which was seen and identified by Mr. Ridgway. *E. pusillus* was also taken, so there was no chance of confounding the two forms. Virginia Beach, Va., is on the Atlantic coast, twenty miles east of Norfolk.—C. W. BECKHAM, *Washington, D. C.*